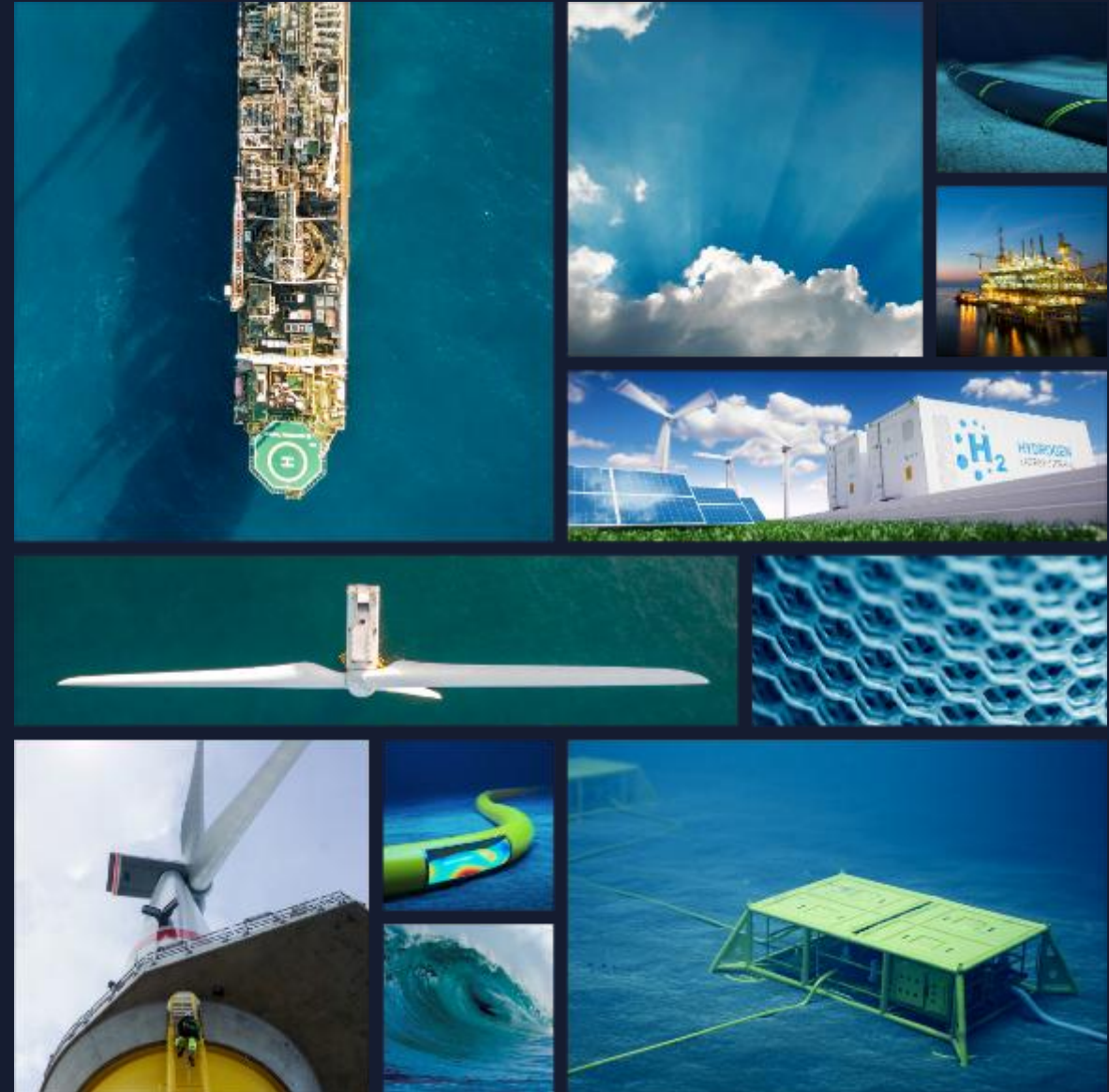




Enabling Infrastructure for Cross-Border CO₂ Transport

TRUST · RESPONSIBILITY · EXCELLENCE



Port of
Rotterdam



CCSA



Department for
Energy Security
& Net Zero

Enabling Infrastructure Study

Build on previous work to understand where and what infrastructure should be located to enable cross border CO₂ transport. Scope split into three main areas:

- **Technology assessment:** Assessment of the CO₂ storage and treatment infrastructure likely to be required for transport and port infrastructure, including a high-level understanding of capital investment requirements for that infrastructure.
- **Port assessment:** Assessment of the scale and suitability of existing port infrastructure across Europe and the UK needed to support gathering of CO₂ and transport of those emissions to ports located near to cost efficient offshore storage.
- **CO₂ volume assessment:** Assessment of the potential volumes of CO₂ emissions that may be transported between countries within Europe and UK **via ship** at 10-year time intervals from 2030 to 2050.



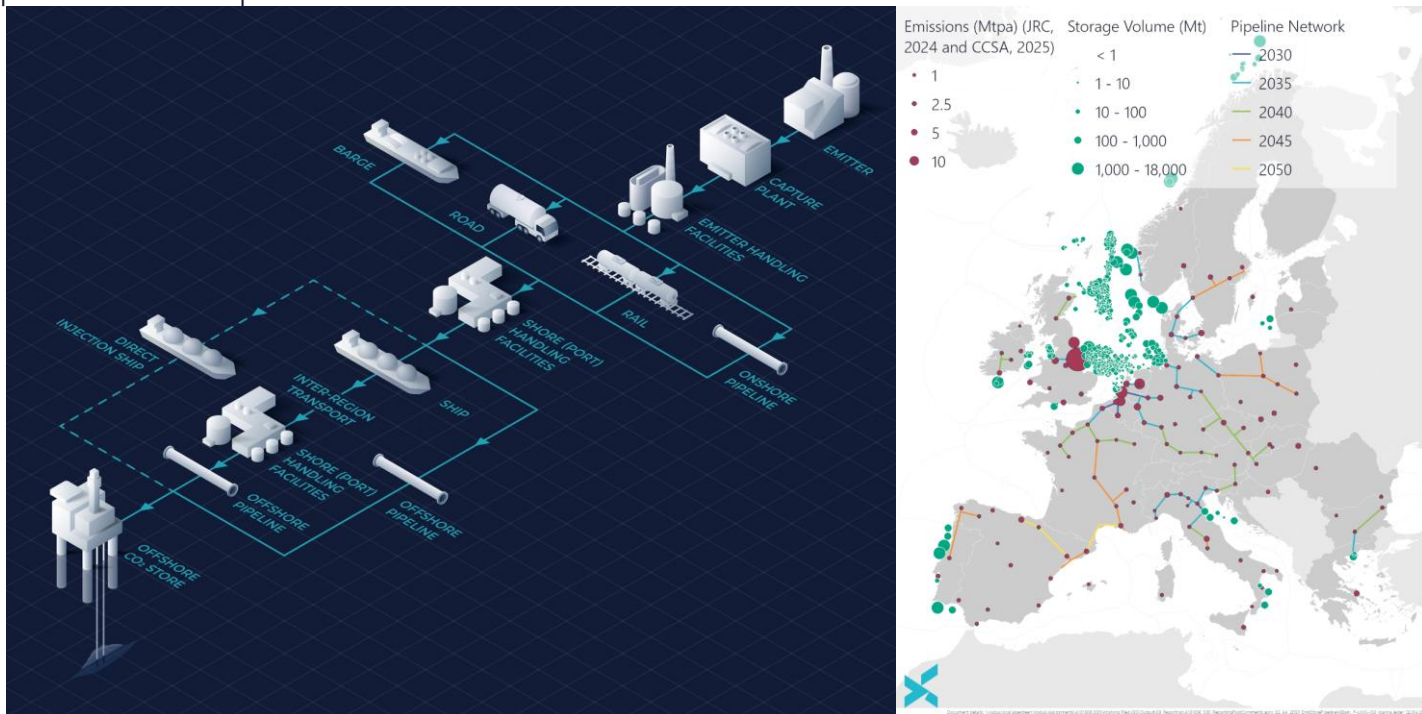


Technology Assessment





Assessment of the technology for four main areas to transport captured CO₂ from source to store:

- Transport method from source to gathering point (e.g. road tanker, rail tanker, barge, pipeline).
- “Emitter port” to enable buffer storage and export between emitters and export transport method
- Transport method from emitter port to store port (e.g. pipeline, ship).
- “Store port” to enable buffer storage and export to store (pipeline).

High level capability of transport methods and technology requirements for ports examined. Indicative CAPEX for a typical “store port” developed.



Technology Assessment

- The majority of technologies required to enable Europe wide CCUS transport are established and proven.
- A need exists to evolve technology to reduce over cost and expand scale but not a revolution.
- Pipeline transport is the most efficient method of transporting large volumes of CO₂ over long distances.
- Non-pipeline transport is a realistic alternative to pipeline transport:
 -  Road tankers: Existing technology suitable for small emitters remote from CO₂ gathering infrastructure.
 -  Rail cars: Evolution of existing technology suitable for transporting from small/medium emitters but challenged by high utilisation of rail network.
 -  Barge transport: Evolution of existing technology limited to emitters adjacent to major rivers but opportunity to service multiple emitters with common barges.
 -  Ship transport: Existing technology already being scaled up, suitable for bulk transport between regions.
- Challenges around trace non-condensable gases and metering are the main recommended focus areas for non-pipeline transport.





Technology Assessment

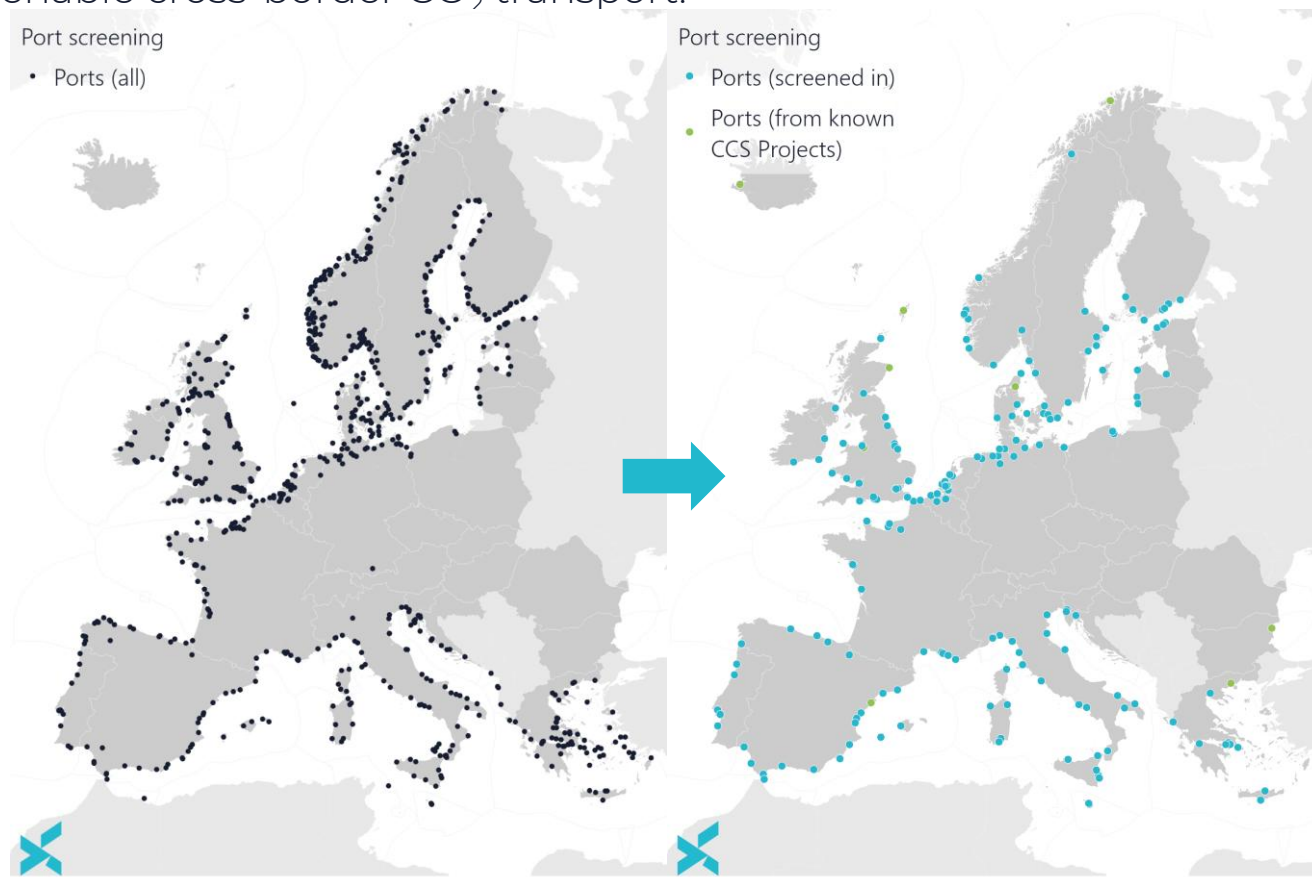


■ Road ■ Rail ■ Pipeline



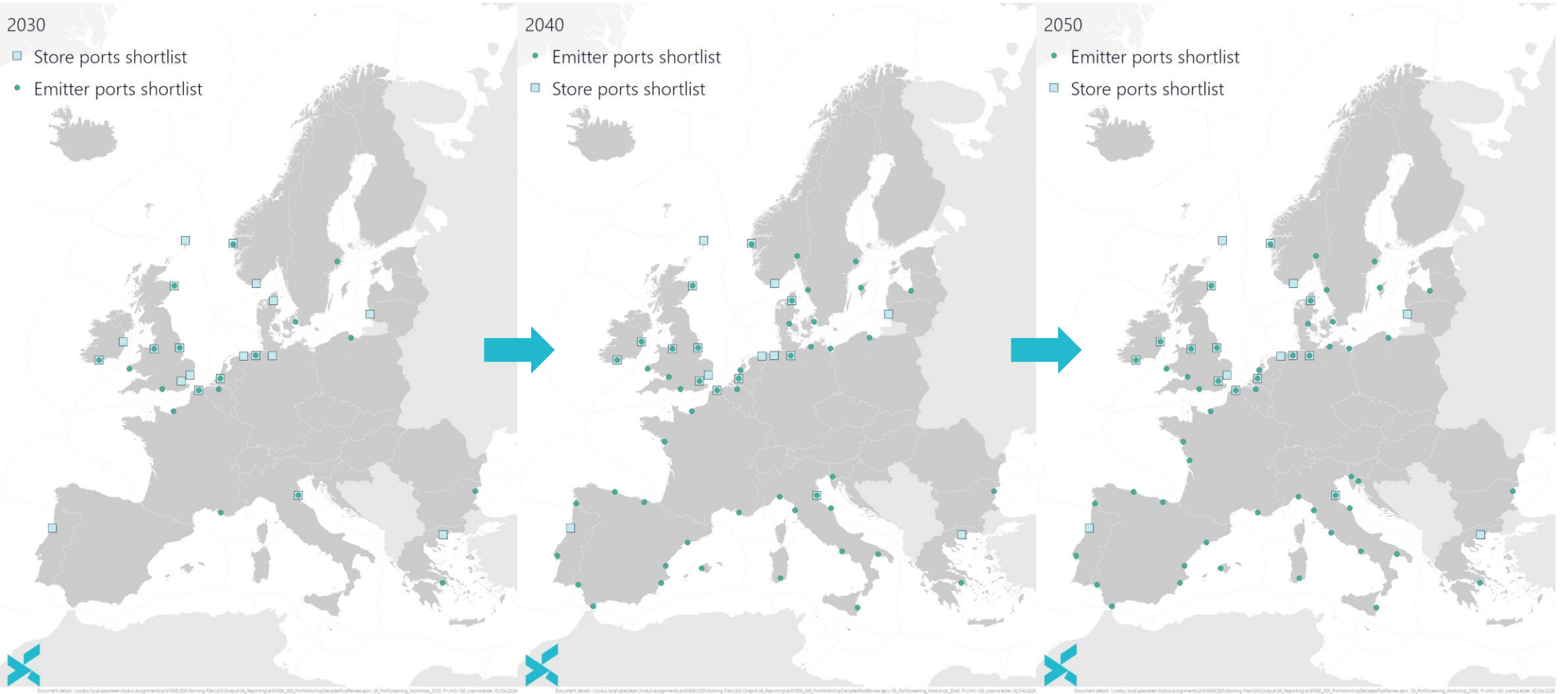
Port Assessment

- Reviewed every port across Europe and UK for CO₂ ship suitability by using historic ship movement data, and whether they are part of an “active” CCUS project.
- **1.3 million** activities across approximately **850** ports reviewed to screen ports not suitable for handling frequent visits from likely size of CO₂ ships.
- Circa **200** ports assessed as being potentially suitable, screened down to circa **50** key ports across Europe and the UK that can enable cross-border CO₂ transport.





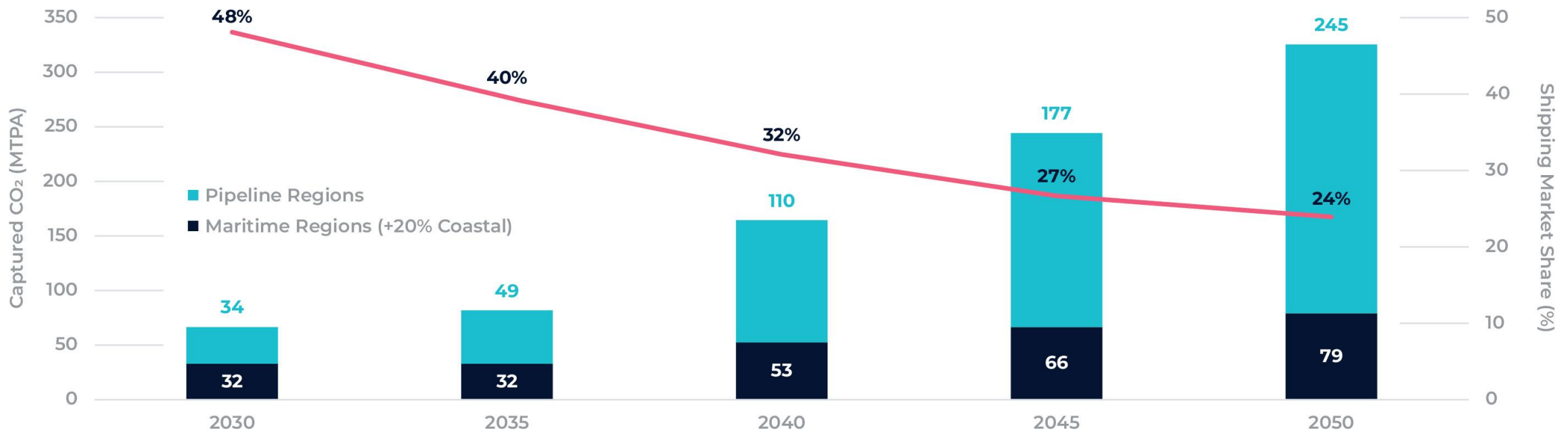
Port Assessment





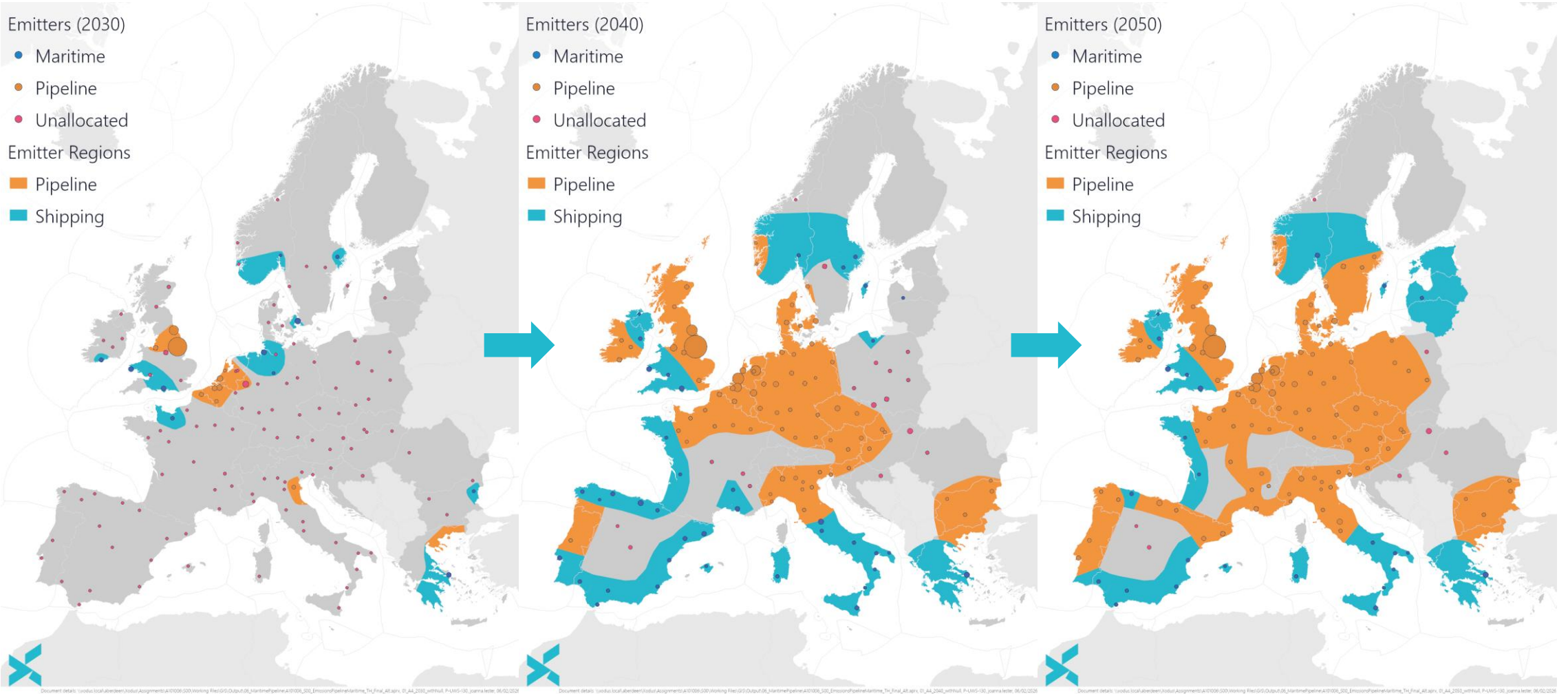
CO₂ Volume Assessment

- Assessed the potential scale of CO₂ that could be transported between emissions gathering and storage ports at 2030, 2040, and 2050 based on JRC emissions predictions.
- Analysis allocated volumes to pipelines or shipping depending on least-cost access to storage.
- Market growth over time likely to support expansion of onshore CO₂ pipeline network in areas with concentrated emissions.
- Shipping volume predicted to stabilise at **35-40MTPA** after initial growth with an upside of circa **80MTPA.**, providing additional resilience and flexibility in the overall CO₂ transport system.



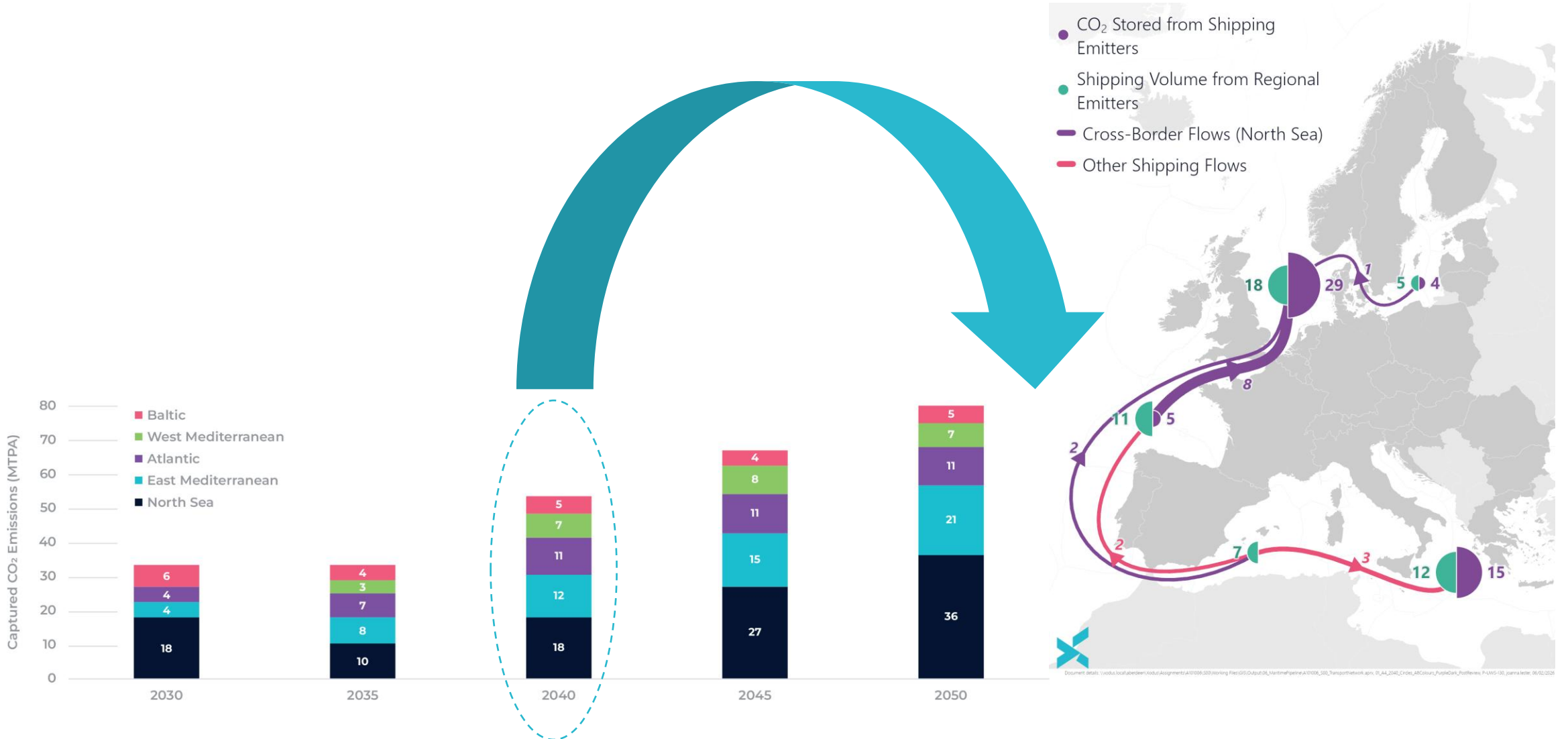


CO₂ Volume Assessment



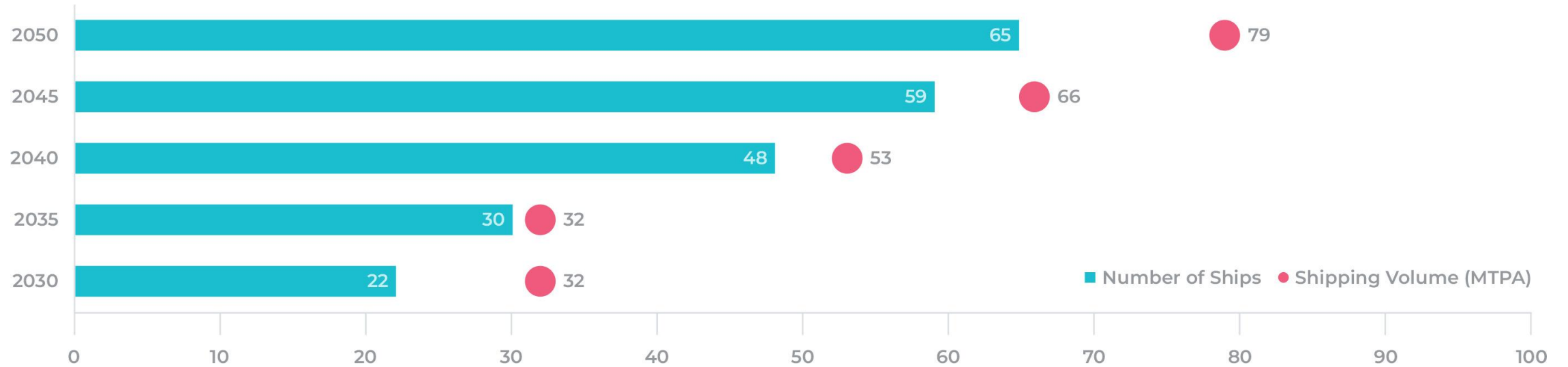
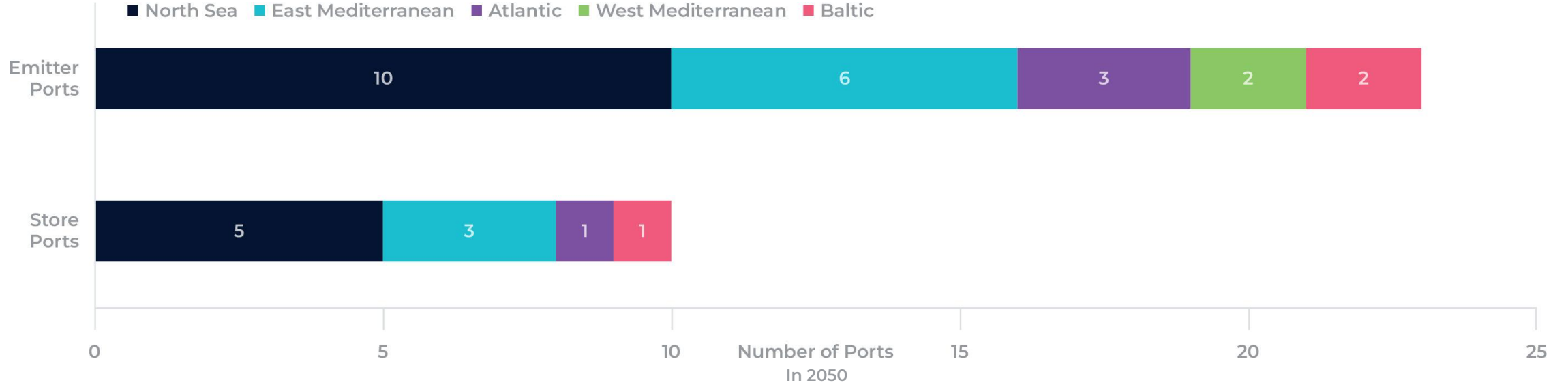


CO₂ Volume Assessment





CO₂ Volume Assessment





FIND OUT MORE

Contact

5th Floor Capitol Building, 429-431 Union Street,
Aberdeen, AB11 6DA, UK

T +44 1224 628300 **E** info@xodusgroup.com

www.xodusgroup.com

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